SAFETY DATA SHEET

4418

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Industrial WORK DAY™ Enamel Spray Paint Gray Primer			
Product code	: 4418			
Other means of identification	lot available.			
CAS #	: Not applicable.			
Product type	Aerosol.			
Relevant identified uses of the	he substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Not applicable.				
Manufacturer	: Krylon Products Group Cleveland, OH 44115			
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (216) 566-2917			
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 247-3266			
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902			
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300			

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 25.3%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	 Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep
Hazards not otherwise	upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor. None known.
classified	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Acetone	31.03	67-64-1
Propane	17.82	74-98-6
Butane	17.12	106-97-8
Toluene	9.76	108-88-3
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	6.02	64742-89-8
Titanium Dioxide	1.49	13463-67-7
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.03	95-63-6
Cumene	0.14	98-82-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. **Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/23/2016 Date of previous issue : 8/11/2016 Version : 3.04

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5. Fire-fig	hting mea	asures				
Extinguishing media						
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an exti	nguishing agent suitable	for the surrounding f	ire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.					
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	the contain in low or co flash back,	lammable aerosol. In a f er may burst, with the risl nfined areas or travel a c causing fire or explosion h speed. Runoff to sewe	c of a subsequent ex considerable distance . Bursting aerosol co	plosion. Gas r to a source of ontainers may l	nay accum ignition ar	nulate nd
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposi carbon diox carbon mor metal oxide	noxide	e the following mater	ials:		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.					
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See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters = Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill		Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Propane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Butane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Toluene	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Titanium Dioxide	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 10 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canad, 7/2015) TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015) TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2015) TWAEV: 1000 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. CA A Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2014) TWAEV: 1000 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 200 ppm 16 minutes. STEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 4/2009 8 hrs. OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014) TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Outario Provincial (Canada, 1/2014) TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/200	Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propane CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009) 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014) TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015) TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009) 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2009) 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2009) 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2009) 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2009) 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014) TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.	Acetone	 15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
Butane CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009) 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada 5/2015). TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014) TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.	Propane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015 TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.	Butane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Tabaaa	
Toluene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	Absorbed through skin.
	8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	5/2015).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	5/2015).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	4	Liquid.
Color	1	Not available.
Odor	1	Not available.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	7
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	1	Not available.
Flash point	1	Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	1	5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 0.9% Upper: 12.8%
Vapor pressure	1	13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	1	1.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	0.73
Solubility	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	1	Not applicable.
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	1	Spray
Heat of combustion	1	30.72 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
				per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395	-
				milligrams	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
	,			100	
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870	-
	,			Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
		1 tabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
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Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	Micrograms Intermittent 24 hours 500 -
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 86 milligrams -
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 - milligrams
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 - milligrams

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Toluene Titanium Dioxide Cumene	- -	3 2B 2B	- - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Butane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Cumene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Propane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Butane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Toluene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Cumene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	lot available.	
Potential acute health effe		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or lizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed inters airways.	and
Symptoms related to the p	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: ain or irritation vatering edness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: espiratory tract irritation oughing lausea or vomiting leadache lrowsiness/fatigue lizziness/vertigo inconsciousness educed fetal weight hcrease in fetal deaths keletal malformations	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: ritation edness educed fetal weight ncrease in fetal deaths keletal malformations	

Ina	est	ion
	000	

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	fects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

<u>Acute toxicity estimates</u>		
Route	ATE value	
Oral Inhalation (vapors)	4801.5 mg/kg 1306.7 mg/l	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days	
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	
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Section 12. Ecological information

Solvent			
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Cumene	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7400 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10600 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	-	-	Readily
Toluene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Toluene Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	90 10 to 2500	low high
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Cumene	-	243 35.48	low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.
	safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2).	-		<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS</u> F-D, S-U
	<u>ERG No.</u> 126	<u>ERG No.</u> 126	ERG No. 126		
Special precautior	consi mode suitat prior t respo unloa	modal shipping descr der container sizes. T of transport (sea, air bly for that mode of tra o shipment, and com nsibility of the person ding dangerous good ances and on all actio	he presence of a sh , etc.), does not indi ansport. All packagin pliance with the app offering the product s must be trained o	nipping description cate that the prod ng must be review blicable regulation t for transport. Pe n all of the risks de	n for a particular uct is packaged red for suitability s is the sole ople loading and
Transport in bulk a to Annex II of MAR the IBC Code	-	ailable.			
	Proper	r shipping name	: Not available.		
	Ship ty	-	: Not available.		
		on category	: Not available.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	2
Flammability		4
Physical hazards		0

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification

History

FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1OGASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gasCSKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2CSERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2ACCARCINOGENICITY - Category 2CTOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2CSPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLECEXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLESPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLECEXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATEDC EXPOSURE) - Category 2ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1C

Justification

L	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
	Calculation method	
	Calculation method	
	Calculation method	

Date of printing 9/23/2016 : 9/23/2016 Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue : 8/11/2016 Version : 3.04 Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject

Section 16. Other information

to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.